

AXLE SCALE TECHNOLOGY

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CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS, IF ANY

Not applicable.

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STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT

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Not applicable.

REFERENCE TO A MICROFICHE APPENDIX, IF ANY

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1. Field of the Invention.

The present invention relates, generally, to weighing apparatus. More particularly, the invention relates to portable, low profile weighing scales. Most particularly, the invention relates to a weighing scale system for use in weighing the load carried by each axle of a vehicle. The weighing scale provided by this

invention is useful for efficiently, reliably and accurately weighing the load carried by the axles of a vehicle.

2. Background Information.

Applicants Kroll et al. discloses scales in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,714,121,
5 4,979,581, 5,232,064, 5,646,376, and 5,894,112, and load cells in U.S. Pat. Nos.
4,775,018, 4,813,504, and 5,228,527. The scales and load cells handle a broad
range of capacities and have varying degrees of accuracy. Additionally, the scales
have varied designs in terms of height, weight, portability and method of use. A
common design factor shared by all of these scales and load cells is that in each,
10 the mounting of the load cell in and to the scale is unique and provides a
significant advantage over the prior art.

Wheel scales or platform scales are commonly used to measure axle
weight loads of vehicles and aircraft. These scales are designed to be used singly,
or multiply in concert, with the vehicle rolled onto the scale(s) and the weight of
15 the vehicle thus determined with the wheels resting on the scale(s). Platform
scales with sufficient capacity to weight the axle load of large vehicles, such as
semi tractor and trailer units, are quite massive. Platform scales with large
weighing platforms are common, but their size renders the scale immobile. Thus,
vehicles to be weighed must be moved to the permanently placed scale, which
20 may be a long distance away.

The small footprint scales do not have the capacity to weigh the axles of
large vehicles, such as semi tractor and trailer units.

Thus, there is an unmet need for a weighing scale that can be transported to any selected weighing site, yet includes the capacity to obtain the weight of large vehicle axles efficiently, reliably and accurately. The invention provides a weighing scale system, which is believed to fulfill the need and to constitute an improvement over the background technology.

All US patents and patent applications, and all other published documents mentioned anywhere in this application are incorporated by reference in their entirety.

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BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides an apparatus and method for weighing articles that can be rolled onto the weighing scale. In one embodiment, the apparatus includes a weighing scale apparatus comprising a base for contacting a support surface. A platform is present for contact with a load, the platform disposed above and in operational contact with the base. The platform has a predetermined number of load cell mounts, each one of the load cell mounts providing a deflection gap between a load cell and the platform. A number of load cells equal to the number of load cell mounts are present, with each one of the load cells being attached to one of the load cell mounts of the platform and being positioned between the base and the platform. A number of engagement members equal to the number of load cells are present, with each one of the engagement members being in operational contact with the base and one of the load cells.

In another embodiment, the apparatus includes a weighing scale assembly comprising at least two weighing scale units, each unit including a base for contacting a support surface. A platform is present for contact with a load, the platform disposed above and in operational contact with the base. The platform has a predetermined number of load cell mounts, each one of the load cell mounts providing a deflection gap between a load cell and the platform. A number of load cells equal to the number of load cell mounts are present, with each one of the load cells being attached to one of the load cell mounts of the platform and being positioned between the base and the platform. A number of engagement members equal to the number of load cells are present, with each one of the engagement members being in operational contact with the base and one of the load cells. An electrical control/display and a power supply are operatively connected to the at least two weighing scale units for displaying the total weight supported by the scale assembly.

In another embodiment, the method of weighing an article with a weighing scale assembly includes the steps of providing a weighing scale assembly comprising at least two weighing scale units, each unit including a base for contacting a support surface. A platform is present for contact with a load, the platform disposed above and in operational contact with the base. The platform has a predetermined number of load cell mounts, each one of the load cell mounts providing a deflection gap between a load cell and the platform. A number of load cells equal to the number of load cell mounts are present, with each one of the load cells being attached to one of the load cell mounts of the platform and

being positioned between the base and the platform. A number of engagement members equal to the number of load cells are present, with each one of the engagement members being in operational contact with the base and one of the load cells. An electrical control/display and a power supply are operatively connected to the at least two weighing scale units for displaying the total weight supported by the scale assembly.

Each scale unit of the weighing scale assembly is positioned on a support surface. The axled vehicle is moved such that each scale unit supports one end of an axle thereof, and the weight of each axle determined by observing the output of the electrical display.

The features, benefits and objects of the invention will become clear to those skilled in the art by reference to the following description, claims and drawings.

15 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a weighing scale assembly of the present invention.

Figure 2 is an exploded perspective view of one scale unit of the present invention.

Figure 3 is a top plan view of the platform portion of the scale unit.

Figure 4 is a side plan view of the platform portion of the scale unit.

Figure 5 is a bottom plan view of the platform portion of the scale unit.

Figure 6 is a perspective bottom view of the platform portion of the scale unit.

Figure 7 is a perspective view of one of the base portions of the scale unit.

Figure 8 is an end view of one of the base plate portions of the scale unit

5 Figure 9 is a side view of one of the base plate portions of the scale unit

Figure 10 is an exploded perspective view of the summing box of the scale unit.

Figure 11 is a perspective view of the foot nut of the scale unit of the present invention.

10 Figure 12 is a top end view of the foot nut of the scale unit of the present invention.

Figure 13 is a perspective view the foot member of the scale unit of the present invention.

Figure 14 is a sectional view of the foot member along line 14-14' of

15 Figure 13.

Figure 15 is a cross sectional view of one of the load cells secured between the base member and the platform member.

Figure 16 is a perspective view of another weighing scale assembly of the present invention.

20 Figure 17 is a perspective view of a base portion for connecting two weighing scale units of the present invention.

Figure 18 is a perspective view of a load cell case of the scale unit of the present invention.

Figure 19 is an end view of a load cell case of the scale unit of the present invention.

Figure 20 is a bottom plan view of a load cell case of the scale unit of the present invention.

5 Figure 21 is a cross sectional view along line 21-21' of Figure 20 of the load cell case of the scale unit of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The present invention is a weighing scale assembly that is useful for
10 determining the axle weigh of heavy vehicles, although the weighing scale assembly has many other applications, as well.

Figure 1 show one embodiment of the present invention, illustrated and generally indicated by the reference numeral 10. Referring to **Figure 1**, the high capacity weighing scale assembly 10 includes a pair of weighing scale units 15, positioned on a support surface, such as the ground or other hard surface. Each scale unit 15 includes a base 20 for contacting the support surface and a platform 25 for contact with a load, the platform 25 disposed above and in operational contact with the base 20. The base 20 comprises individual support portions 20a and 20b secured to opposite ends of the platform 25, the base portions 20a, 20b elevating the platform 25 above the support surface. Elevation permits engagement, lifting and transportation of the scale units 15 by a forklift or other lifting means. The base support portions 20a and 20b preferably extend across the full width of the platform 25. In order to facilitate movement of axled vehicles on
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and off of the weighing scale assembly 10, a ramp member 30 is secured to each of the base portions 20a, 20b, as illustrated in **Figure 1**. Preferably, each ramp member 30 extends the full width of the base portions 20a, 20b.

The scale units 15 are communicatively connected to an electronic control
5 and display unit 35 remote from the scale units 15 by conductor wires 40. The power unit for the apparatus is preferably one or more batteries, with the power unit preferably contained within the control/display unit 35. A front view of the face of the control/display unit 35 is shown in **Figure 1**, the face including a number of control buttons 37 and a display screen 38. The weighing scale
10 assembly 10 is readily positioned to accommodate various width vehicle axles by separating one scale unit 15 from the other. The flexible conductor wires 40 between each scale unit 15, and from one scale unit 15 and to the control and display unit 35, provides facile configuration of the weighing scale assembly 10 to various sized and configured axled vehicles. Likewise, the platform 25 can be
15 fabricated in various lengths to accommodate larger vehicle tires at the end of each axle of the vehicle. In addition, two or more scale units 15 can be connected end to end, as described later, to accept multiple, closely spaced, axles present in, for example, semi tractors and trailers.

Referring now to **Figure 2**, one of the weighing scale units 15 is shown in
20 a perspective, exploded view. The weighting scale unit 15 includes a base member 20 and a platform member 25 secured to the base member 20. The base member 20 includes individual support portions 20a and 20b secured to opposite ends of the platform member 25, the base portions 20a, 20b elevating the platform

member 25 above the support surface. The platform member 25 includes a plurality of load cell mounts 45, each for mounting a load cell 50 thereto. In the present embodiment, there are four load cell mounts 45 and four associated load cells 50, with one mount 45 and associated load cell 50 disposed at each corner of the platform member 25. A greater number of load cell mounts 45 and associated load cells 50 may be included in the present invention with equivalent results.

The load cells 50 are preferably shear beam load cells 50, described in detail below. Each rectangular load cell 50 is secured at one end to the load cell mount 45 by a pair of threaded fasteners 52 extending from the top surface 66 of the platform member 25 and through the load cell 50 to engage threaded nuts 54. In order to further protect the load cells 50, each load cell 50 is secured within a load cell case 94. The case 94 is positioned between the load cell 50 and the platform member 25, the case 94 enclosing the load cell 50 except at the bottom surface of the load cell. The top surface of the load cell case 94 includes apertures 95 to accommodate the pair of threaded fasteners 52 extending from the top surface 66 of the platform member 25 and through the load cell 50 to engage threaded nuts 54, as well as the threaded fastener 96 connecting the load cell 50 to the foot nut 78. The load cell case 94 is shown in greater detail in **Figures 18 – 21.**

The load cells 50 engage and vertically support the platform member 25 via engagement means 56, also described in detail below. Other load cell mount configurations are anticipated. However, the present load cell mount

configuration is preferable for the type of load cells 50 being used in this invention.

The load cells 50 are operatively connected to a summing box 60, also secured to the platform member 25, by conductor wires 62 that are routed interior 5 the platform member 25. The conductor wires 62 are routed through the rectangular tube members 64 that compose the platform member 25. The summing box 60 of each scale unit 15 are communicatively connected to the electronic control and display member 35, as illustrated in **Figure 1**.

The platform member 25 includes a top contact surface 66 and a bottom surface 68. The platform member 25 is composed of a flat bundle of rectangular tube members 64 secured between the top contact surface plate 66 and the bottom surface plate 68. The bundle of tube members 64 provides strength and durability for the platform member 25, is best seen in **Figures 5-6**. The bottom surface 68 of the platform member 25 does not cover the ends of the tube members 64 adjacent the base portions 20a, 20b, thereby providing access to the load cell mounts 45 and attached load cells 50 of the platform member 25. The top contact surface 66 of the platform member 25 covers and protects the load cells 50, summing box 60 and associated conductor wires 62 during operation of the weighing scale units 15.

20 Referring now to **Figures 7-9**, several detailed views of one base portion 20 are shown. Each base portion 20a, 20b comprises an L-shaped structure having one leg portion 70 that contacts the support surface and another leg portion 72 that contacts the platform member 25. Each base portion 20a, 20b is of a

length sufficient to span an end of the platform member 25. Positioning members 74 are secured to the platform contacting leg portion 72 at each end thereof, the positioning members 74 each fitting into a notch at a corner of the platform member 25, as shown in **Figure 2**.

5 Referring again to **Figure 2**, a foot member 76 and an associated foot nut 78 is secured to the base portions 20a and 20b at each end thereof. Each foot member 76 and foot nut 78 is positioned on the support surface contacting leg 70 of each base portions 20a, 20b such that a threaded cavity 80 of the foot nut 78 is in register with a load cell 50 on the platform 25. Each foot member 76 is secured
10 to the base portions 20a, 20b by threaded connectors 82 that engage threaded apertures 84 in the foot member 76. The foot nut 78 rests on one leg 70 of the base portion 20 within an aperture 86 in the foot member 76. Detailed views of the foot nut 78 and foot member 76 are shown in **Figures 11-12** and **Figures 13-14**, respectively.

15 Referring now to **Figure 15**, the load cell mount 45, load cell 50 and engagement means 56 are shown in cross section. The load cell 45 has an elongated, generally square cross sectional configuration. A pair of mounting apertures 90 is located proximate one end of the load cell 50. The apertures 90 permit the load cell 50 to be mounted to the load cell mount 45 of the platform 25
20 by the mounting bolts 52 positioned in the platform mounting apertures 92 of the platform 25. A load cell case 94, also functioning as a spacer, is positioned between the load cell mount 45 and the load cell 50, adjacent the load cell mounting apertures 90 and third load cell aperture 98. The load cell case 94

protects the load cell 50, as described above. The load cell case 94 lowers the shear beam load cell 50, thereby extending the load cell 50 away from the platform top surface 66 at an end opposite the threaded fasteners 52 securing the load cell 50 thereto. A threaded fastener 96, passing through a third load cell aperture 98, secures the load cell 50 at the spaced end to one foot nut 78 and associated foot member 76, secured to the base member 20, as illustrated in

5 **Figure 15.** Thus, the foot nut 78, the associated foot member 76 and the threaded fastener 96 comprise the engagement means 56 between the load cell 50 and the base member 20. The platform member 25 also contains an access aperture 99 for

10 accessing the threaded fastener 96, allowing the base member 20 to be secured to or removed from the platform 25. Thus, a load placed on the platform member 25 causes a deflection of the load cell 50 at the end opposite the threaded fasteners 52 securing the load cell 50 to the platform member 25. A cable connection 100 is disposed at the end of the load cell 25 to receive an electrical conductor wire 62.

15 The conductor wire 62 provides electrical communication between the load cell 50 and the summing box 60. Strain gauges (not shown) are disposed within the load cell 50 to measure dimensional changes in the load cell 50 caused by the load. The operation of a strain gauge is based on the principle that the electrical resistance of a conductor changes when it is subjected to a mechanical

20 deformation. There are a number of resistance strain gauge types that may be used, including bonded strain gauge, wire gauge, foil gauge and semiconductor gauge. As each strain gauge is mechanically deformed, its length and diameter are

altered, resulting in a change in its electrical resistance, which is used to calculate a weight.

The proper orientation of the strain gauges on each mounted and aligned load cell 50 permits accurate weighing irrespective of the exact location of the
5 load relative to the top surface 66 of the platform member 25 that may be due to uneven load placement or tilting of each weighing scale unit 15. The design of the platform members 25, engagement means 56, load cells 50 and base portions 20a, 20b cooperate to permit the proper deflection of the load cell 50 for accurate and repeatable readings without the potentially damaging side load effects and
10 torquing.

Referring now to **Figure 10**, an exploded view of the summing box 60 is shown. The summing box 60 is mounted within the platform member 25, along one edge thereof, and in communication with each load cell 50 via the conductor wires 62 which are routed through the tube members 64 that make up the skeleton of the platform member 25. The summing box 60 includes a metal box member 100 that mounts within the platform member 25. Within the box 100 are printed circuit boards 112, 114 that receive and process electrical signals from the load cells 50. A pair of multi-pin connector members 116 is sealed by gaskets 118 into apertures 120 in the metal box member 100. A cover plate 122 seals the box
15 member 100. A plurality of straight through connectors 124 bring the conductor wires 62 into the summing box 60 from each of the load cells 50 to connect with the printed circuit boards 112, 114. The summing box 60 is connected by the
20 multi-pin plug connectors 116 and connector wire 40 to the electronic

control/display device 35 to signal the total weight supported by each scale unit
15.

Figure 16 show another embodiment of the present invention, illustrated
and generally indicated by the reference numeral 210. Referring to **Figure 16**, the
5 high capacity weighing scale assembly 210 includes two pair of weighing scale
units 215, positioned on a support surface, such as the ground or other hard
surface. Each pair of scale units 215 includes a base 220 for contacting the
support surface and platform members 225 for contact with a load, the platform
members 225 disposed above and in operational contact with the base 220. The
members 225 disposed above and in operational contact with the base 220. The
base 220 comprises an individual support portion 220c between the two adjacent
10 platform members 225 of the pair of scale units 215, and individual support
portions 220a, 220b secured to opposite ends of the platform members 225. The
base portions 220a, 20b, 220c elevate the platform members 225 above the
support surface. The base support portions 220a, 220b and 220c preferably
15 extend across the full width of the platforms 225. In order to facilitate movement
of axled vehicles on and off of the weighing scale assembly 210, a ramp member
230 is secured to each of the base portions 220a, 220b at opposite ends of the pair
of scale units 215, as illustrated in **Figure 16**. Preferably, each ramp member 230
extends the full width of the base portions 220a, 220b.
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The scale units 215 are communicatively connected to an electronic
control and display unit 235 remote from the scale units 215 by conductor wires
240. The power unit for the apparatus is preferably one or more batteries, with the
power unit preferably contained within the control/display unit 235. A front view

of the face of the control/display unit 235 is shown in **Figure 16**, the face including a number of control buttons 237 and a display screen 238. The weighing scale assembly 210 is readily positioned to accommodate various width vehicle axles by separating one pair of scale units 215 from the other. The 5 flexible conductor wires 240 between each scale unit 215, and from one pair of scale units 215 and to the control and display unit 235, provides facile configuration of the weighing scale assembly 210 to various sized and configured axled vehicles. Likewise, the platform members 225 can be fabricated in various lengths to accommodate larger vehicle tires at the end of each axle of the vehicle.

10 The embodiment of the invention shown in **Figure 16** is designed to accept multiple, closely spaced, axles present in, for example, semi tractors and trailers.

The individual weighing scale units 215, described in detail above, are configured and function in a comparable manner, as described earlier. The base connector portion 220c comprises a pair of base support members 220a, 220b secured back to back with each portion secured at each end to one of a pair of connecting block members 228, as illustrated in **Figure 17**. A cover piece 229 is secured over the connecting base portion 220c to provide a continuous surface with the two adjacent weighing scale units 215 fastened together as seen in **Figure 16**.

20 Although the scale embodiments having one and two units have been described, the teachings of this invention are applicable to scales having three or more units.

The descriptions above and the accompanying drawings should be interpreted in the illustrative and not the limited sense. While the invention has been disclosed in connection with an embodiment or embodiments thereof, it should be understood that there may be other embodiments which fall within the 5 scope of the invention as defined by the claims. Where a claim, if any, is expressed as a means or step for performing a specified function it is intended that such claim be construed to cover the corresponding structure, material, or acts described in the specification and equivalents thereof, including both structural equivalents and equivalent structures, material-based equivalents and equivalent materials, and act-based equivalents and equivalent acts.

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